

Prénom :

Les mesures de capacité

Exprime dans l'unité demandée.

$$8 \text{ m}^3 = 8000 \text{ l}$$

$$70 \text{ l} = 70000 \text{ ml}$$

$$8 \text{ cl} = 80 \text{ ml}$$

$$78 \text{ dl} = 780 \text{ cl}$$

$$5 \text{ dal} = 500 \text{ dl}$$

$$3000 \text{ l} = 30000 \text{ dl}$$

$$200 \text{ l} = 2 \text{ hl}$$

$$258 \text{ cl} = 2580 \text{ ml}$$

$$8000 \text{ ml} = 8 \text{ l}$$

$$12000 \text{ m}^3 = 12000000 \text{ l}$$

Classe dans l'ordre croissant.

$$0,006 \text{ m}^3 = 6 \text{ l}$$

$$60 \text{ l}$$

$$600 \text{ ml} = 0,6 \text{ l}$$

$$60 \text{ hl} = 6000 \text{ l}$$

$$6 \text{ dal} = 60 \text{ l}$$

$$600 \text{ ml} - 0,006 \text{ m}^3 - 60 \text{ l} = 6 \text{ dal} - 60 \text{ hl}$$

$$50 \text{ m}^3 = 50\,000 \text{ l}$$

$$5 \text{ hl} = 500 \text{ l}$$

$$500 \text{ ml} = 0,5 \text{ l}$$

$$50 \text{ l}$$

$$0,5 \text{ dal} = 5 \text{ l}$$

$$500 \text{ ml} - 0,5 \text{ dal} - 50 \text{ l} - 5 \text{ hl} - 50 \text{ m}^3$$

Complète.

$$325 \text{ l} = 3 \text{ hl } 25 \text{ l}$$

$$3\,052 \text{ ml} = 30 \text{ dl } 5 \text{ cl } 2 \text{ ml}$$

$$36\,479 \text{ cl} = 36 \text{ dal } 4 \text{ l } 79 \text{ cl}$$

$$564 \text{ l} = 5 \text{ hl } 64 \text{ l}$$

$$8\,547 \text{ ml} = 8 \text{ l } 54 \text{ cl } 7 \text{ ml}$$

